

EPICS Channel Access Client Coding

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Channel Access

- The main CA client interface is the "C" library that comes with EPICS base
 - Internally uses C++, but API is pure C.
- Almost all other CA client interfaces use that C library
 - Exception: New pure Java CAC, which for now still has some issues.
- Full documentation of the C API:
"EPICS R3.14 Channel Access Reference Manual",
Jeff Hill, on APS EPICS web page.
 - See same web site for copies of previous EPICS training material that basically presents every routine in the API.
 - This time:
 - Brief makeBaseApp.pl, Matlab, Java examples.
 - Point to some fundamental issues.

makeBaseApp.pl

- Includes a template for basic CA client in C:

- Start with this:

- ```
makeBaseApp.pl -t caClient cacApp
make
```

- Result:

- ```
bin/linux-x86/caExample <some PV>  
bin/linux-x86/caMonitor <file with PV list>
```

- Then read the sources, compare with the reference manual, and edit/extend to suit your needs.

makeBaseApp's caExample.c

- **Minimal CA client program.**
 - Fixed timeout, waits until data arrives.
 - Requests everything as 'DBR_DOUBLE'.
 - ... which results in values of C-type 'double'.
 - See db_access.h header file for all the DBR_... constants and the resulting C types or structures.
 - In addition to the basic DBR_<type> requests, it is possible to request packaged attributes like DBR_CTRL_<type> to get { value, units, limits, ...} in one request.

Excerpt from db_access.h

```
/* values returned for each field type
...
*      DBR_DOUBLE      returns a double precision floating point number
...
*      DBR_CTRL_DOUBLE returns a control double structure (dbr_ctrl_double)
*/
...
/* structure for a control double field */
struct dbr_ctrl_double{
    dbr_short_t      status;          /* status of value */
    dbr_short_t      severity;        /* severity of alarm */
    dbr_short_t      precision;       /* number of decimal places */
    dbr_short_t      RISC_pad0;       /* RISC alignment */
    char             units[MAX_UNITS_SIZE]; /* units of value */
    dbr_double_t      upper_disp_limit; /* upper limit of graph */
    dbr_double_t      lower_disp_limit; /* lower limit of graph */
    dbr_double_t      upper_alarm_limit;
    dbr_double_t      upper_warning_limit;
    dbr_double_t      lower_warning_limit;
    dbr_double_t      lower_alarm_limit;
    dbr_double_t      upper_ctrl_limit; /* upper control limit */
    dbr_double_t      lower_ctrl_limit; /* lower control limit */
    dbr_double_t      value;          /* current value */
};
```


makeBaseApp's caMonitor.c

- **Better CA client program.**
 - Registers callbacks to get notified when connected or disconnected
 - Subscribes to value updates instead of waiting.
 - ... but still uses the same data type (DBR_STRING) for everything.

Ideal CA client?

- Use callbacks for everything
 - no idle 'wait', no fixed time outs.
- Upon connection, check the channel's *native* type (int, double, string, ...)
 - to limit the type conversion burden on the IOC.
- ... request the matching DBR_CTRL_<type> *once*
 - to get the full channel detail (units, limits, ...).
- ... and then subscribe to DBR_TIME_<type> to get updates of only time/status/value
 - so now we always stay informed, yet limit the network traffic.
 - *Only subscribe once*, not with each connection, because CA client library will automatically re-activate subscriptions!
- This is what EDM, archiver, ... do.
 - Quirk: They don't learn about online changes of channel limits, units, Doing that via a subscription means more network traffic, and CA doesn't send designated events for 'meta information changed'.

Side Note: SNL just to get CAC help

- This piece of SNL handles all the connection management and data type handling:

- double value;
 assign value to "fred";
 monitor value;

- Extend into a basic 'camonitor':

- evflag changed;
 sync value changed;

```
ss monitor_pv
{
  state check
  {
    when (efTestAndClear(changed))
    {
      printf("Value is now %g\n", value);
    } state check
  }
}
```


Quick Hacks, Scripts

- In many cases, one can get by just fine by invoking the command-line 'caget' from within bash/perl/python/php.
- Especially if you only need to read/write one value of a PV, not a subscription!
- There are more elaborate CAC bindings available for perl/python/php
 - But that means you have to find, build and later maintain these!
 - A basic p* script is portable, but you'd have to install the CAC-for-p* binding separately for Linux, Win32, MacOS...

Perl Example

```
use English;

# Get the current value of a PV
# Argument: PV name
# Result: current value
sub caget($)
{
    my ($pv) = @ARG;
    open(F, "caget -t $pv |") or die "Cannot run 'caget'\n";
    $result=<F>;
    close(F);
    chomp($result);
    return $result;
}

# Do stuff with PVs
$fred = caget("fred");
$jane = caget("jane");
$sum = $fred + $jane;
printf("Sum: %g\n", $sum);
```

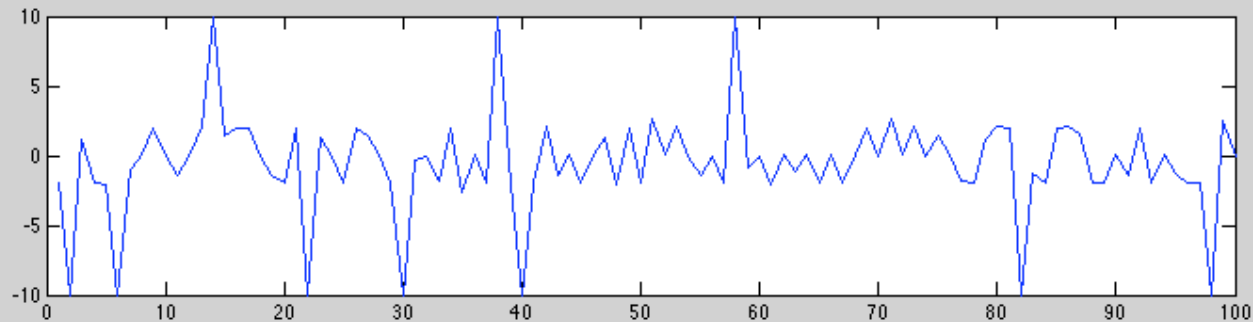
Matlab 'MCA' Extension

- **Same setup & maintenance issue as for p/p/p!**
 - ... but may be worth it, since Matlab adds tremendous number crunching and graphing.
- **Initial setup**
 - Get MCA sources (see links on APS EPICS web)
 - Read the README, spend quality time with MEX.
- **Assume that's done by somebody else**
 - You are in the SNS control room
 - 'caget' from EPICS base works
 - Matlab works (try "matlab -nojvm -nodesktop")
- **Do this once:**
 - ```
cd $EPICS_EXTENSIONS/src/mca
```
  - ```
source setup.matlab
```
 - ... and from now on, Matlab should include MCA support

MCA Notes

- Basically, it's a chain of
 - `pv = mcaopen('some_pv_name');`
 - `value = mcaget(pv);`
 - `mcaput(pv, new_value);`
 - `mcaclose(pv);`
- Your pv is 'connected' from `..open` to `..close`
 - When getting more than one sample, staying connected is much more efficient than repeated calls to 'caget'.
- Try 'mca<tab>' command-line completion to get a list of all the mca... commands
- Run 'help mcaopen' etc. to get help

Matlab/MCA Examples



```
x  Command Window
>>
>> fred_pv = mcaopen('fred');
>> jane_pv = mcaopen('jane');
>> fred_value = mcaget(fred_pv);
>> jane_value = mcaget(jane_pv);
>> fred_value + jane_value

ans =

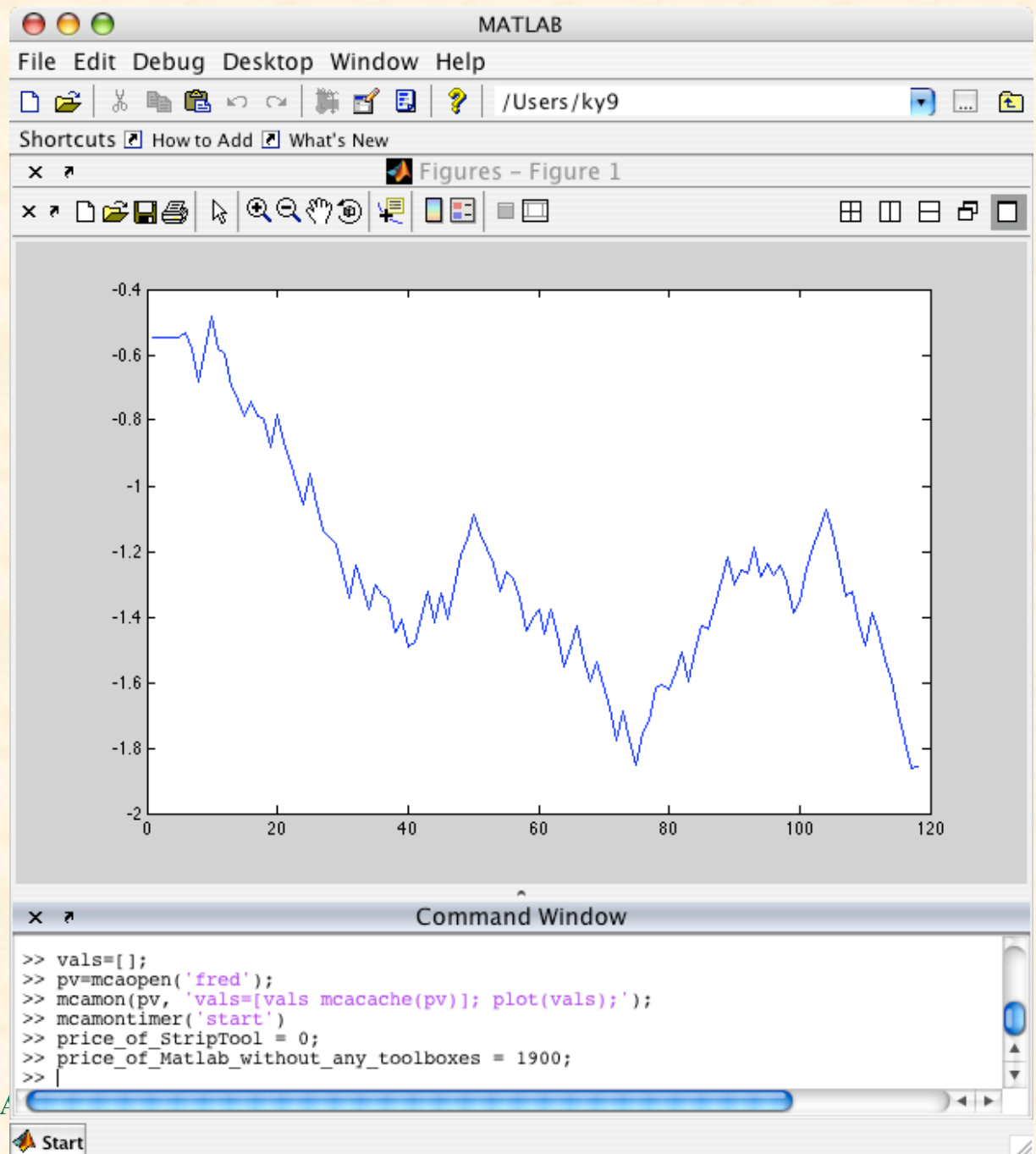
    0.3476

>> alan_pv = mcaopen('alan');
>> alan_value = mcaget(alan_pv);
>> plot(alan_value);
>> mcaclose(alan_pv);
>> mcaclose(jane_pv);
>> mcaclose(fred_pv);
>>
>> help mcaopen
MCAOPEN open a Channel Access connection to an EPICS Process Variable

H = MCAOPEN(PVNAME);
If successful H is a unique nonzero integer handle associated with this PV.
Returned handle is 0 if a connection could not be established

[H1, ... ,Hn] = MCAOPEN(PVNAME1, ... ,PVNAMEN);
Is equivalent to but more efficient than multiple single-argument calls
    H1 = MCAOPEN(PVNAME1);
    ...
    Hn = MCAOPEN(PVNAMEN);
```


MCA Value Subscription



Java

- **There is actually a JNI and a pure Java binding.**
 - Only difference in initialization, then same API.
 - Usage very much like C interface, "real programming" as opposed to Matlab, but in a more forgiving Java VM.
- **See Docs/Java CA example.**

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 - Carl Lionberger maintained it for a while (then SNS)
- **Java CA**
 - Eric Boucher is the original author (then APS),
 - Matej Sekoranja maintains it;
he added the pure java version (Cosylab)